

## Important Agile SM Terms

### Agile (adjective)

1. Able to move quickly and easily; well-coordinated
2. Able to think and understand quickly; able to solve problems and have new ideas

### Agile (software development)

Methods (e.g., Scrum) in which requirements & solutions evolve iteratively & incrementally through collaboration between self-organizing, cross-functional teams

### Agile Manifesto

Formal proclamation of four key values and 12 principles to guide an iterative and people-centric approach to development

#### We value:

**Individuals and interactions**  
**Working software**  
**Customer collaboration**  
**Responding to change**

#### Over:

**Processes and tools**  
**Comprehensive documentation**  
**Contract negotiations**  
**Following a plan**

### Agile Service Management

Ensuring ITSM processes reflect Agile values and are designed with “just enough” control and structure to effectively and efficiently deliver services that facilitate customer outcomes when and how they are needed

### Agile Process Design

Applying Agile development approach to process design

### Agile Process Improvement

Aligning ITSM processes with Agile values as part of Continual Service Improvement (CSI)

## Agile Frameworks and Methods

### Continuous Integration

Development practice that requires developers to integrate code into a shared repository multiple times a day

### Continuous Delivery

Methodology that focuses on making sure software is always in a releasable state throughout its lifecycle

### Scrum

Agile framework for effective team collaboration on complex projects

**Scrum values** include: courage, focus, openness, respect, commitment

### Kanban

Method of work that makes work visible, limits work in progress (WIP) and measures velocity (quantity of work done in an iteration)

### Lean

Philosophy that focuses on creating more value for customers with fewer resources and less waste

### IT Infrastructure Library® (ITIL®)

Set of best practice publications for IT service management

### IT Service Management (ITSM)

Set of specialized organizational capabilities for providing value to customers in the form of services

### DevOps

Cultural and professional movement that stresses communication, collaboration and integration between software developers and IT operations professionals



**DevOps**  
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Reference Card**

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## Important Agile SM Terms

### Process

Interrelated work activities that specific inputs and produce specific outputs that are of value to a customer

### Process Owner

Role accountable for the overall quality of a process and owner of the Process Backlog

### Process Backlog

Prioritized list of everything that needs to be designed or improved for a process including current and future requirements

### Minimum Viable Product

The most pared down version of a product (or process) that can still be released

### Increment

Potentially shippable completed work that is the outcome of a Sprint

### Iteration

A single timeboxed development cycle (i.e., a Sprint)

### Timebox

The maximum duration of an event (e.g., a meeting or Sprint)

### Velocity

How much product backlog effort a team can handle in a single Sprint

### Impediment

Anything that prevents a team member from performing work as efficiently as possible

### User Story

A statement written from the user's perspective that describes what a user wants to do with a feature of the software

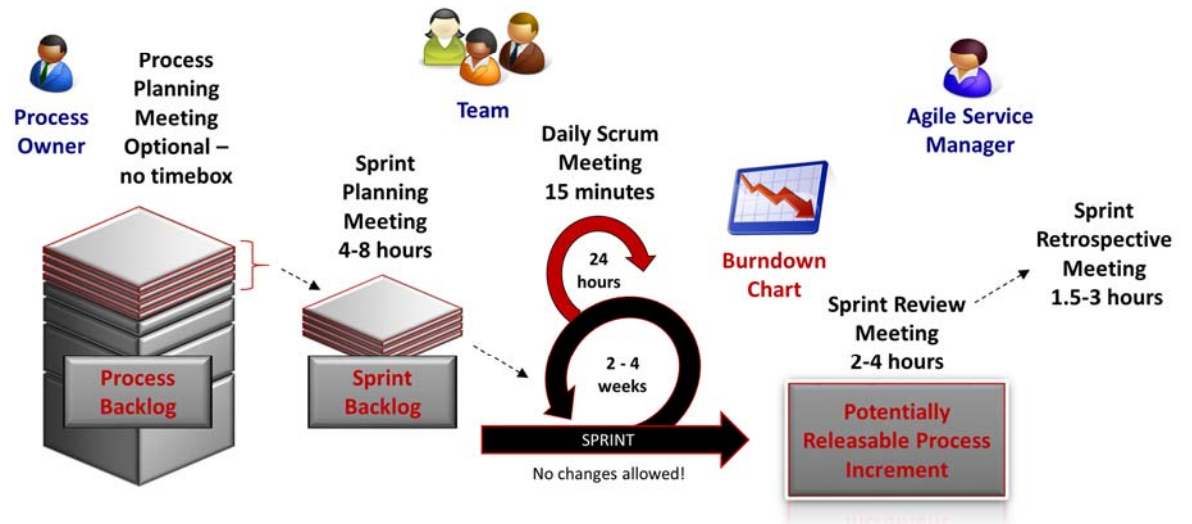
**As a...**

**I want to...**

**So I can...**

## Agile Service Management in a Nutshell

**Agile Service Management (like Scrum) is based on time-boxed iterations.**



**Agile Service Management = 3 Roles, 4 Artifacts and 5 Meetings.**

### Sprint

A period of 2-4 weeks during which an increment of product work is completed

### Definition of Done

Shared understanding of what it means for work to be complete

### Burndown Chart

Chart showing the evolution of remaining effort against time

### Daily Scrum

A fifteen-minute daily meeting that synchronizes work completed since the prior meeting and forecasts the work to be done before the next one

### Sprint Planning Meeting

A 4-8 hour timeboxed event that defines the Sprint Goal, the increment of the Product Backlog that will be done during the Sprint and how it will be done

### Sprint Retrospective

A 1.5-3 hour timeboxed event during which the Team reviews the last Sprint and identifies and prioritizes improvements for the next Sprint

### Sprint Review

A timeboxed event of 4 hours or less where the Team and stakeholders inspect the work resulting from the Sprint and updates the Product Backlog